



Ion acceleration by an ultrashort laser pulse interacting with a near-critical-density gas jet and perspectives to micro-compression

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Institut Ber CELIA France; 9) National Resear 1UMR 5107, T 1) Université de Bor Gradignan, France; 8) Université Paris-Saclay CEA/IRAMIS, SP 1) Centr Universidad de Salamanca, Salamanca, Spain; 5) Université de Bor Darmstadt, Germany; 3) C.L.P DIF (Centr , F-91297 e for Plasma Physics and Lasers (CPPL), T gonié, Département de Radiothérapie, Unité de Radiophysique, Bor e Lasers Intenses et alence,France; 2) Institut für Kernphysik, TAM, Gif-sur Arpajon, Franc; e7)CENBG, CNRS-IN2P3, Université de Bor deaux, CNRS, CEA, CELIA ch Nuclear University MEPhI, Moscow Salamanca, Salamanca, Spain -Yvette, France; 13) Laser .U. (Centr Applications), UMR 5107, To de Láser , CEA, LMCE, 91680 Bruyèr (Centr .E.I. of Cr es Pulsados), Salamanca, Spain; 4) e Lasers Intenses et -Plasma Chair at Universidad de echnische Universität Darmstadt, alence,France; 6) CEA, DAM, ete, Rethymnon,Gr , Russian Federation; 10) deaux, CNRS, CEA, Applications), es-le-Châtel, deaux,France; deaux, ece; 12) a0 mehret@clpu.es We demonstrate laser-driven Helium ion acceleration with cut-off energies above 46MeV and peak ion number above 10^8 MeV⁻¹ for (22 ± 2) MeV⁻¹ projectiles from near-critical density gas jet targets. Ion beams and narrow laser-driven forward-directed beams of ionizing radiation proof to be reproducible in low-repetition-rate experiments with supersonic shock nozzles at the high-repetition-rate VEGA-2 laser system with 3 J in pulses of 30 fs focused down to intensities in the range between 9×10^{19} Wcm⁻² and 1.2×10^{20} Wcm⁻².

Produced alpha particle beams are directly applicable in radiochemistry and radiopharmacy, hence a future increase of number density is desirable for a higher reaction yield. Besides ongoing improvements of the gas density profiles towards CSA, all-optical beam transport elements for spectral bunching are under investigation. In experiments at the high power laser PHELIX with 500 fs pulses interacting with coil targets, strong EM fields are induced by kAscale return-currents and a pulsed potential dynamics that both follow the laser-driven target discharge at intensities of 10^{19} Wcm⁻². These have shown efficiency in tailoring 10 MeVion beam emittance, with the possibility of chromatic tuning the effects by simply controlling the delay between laser pulses or geometric properties of the target.

Compact generation and short-track beam tailoring offer promising perspectives to many applications in exploratory HEDP ranging from the controlled heating of warm-dense matter, over studies of collective stopping effects, to ion beams for fast ignition.

